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RG/ET/07/05/25

RAJIV GANDHI NATIONAL UNIVERSITY OF LAW, PUNJAB



**LL.M. (ONE YEAR COURSE)
SECOND SEMESTER
END TERM EXAMINATION
MAY - 2025
PAPER -I: LAW AND JUSTICE IN
GLOBALIZED WORLD
TIME DURATION: ONE AND HALF HOUR
MAXIMUM MARKS: EIGHTY (40)**

Note: Section-A is **compulsory** and each part carries **5 marks**.
Attempt **one question** each from Section B & C and each
question carries **15 marks**.

Section - A

1. Compulsory

Write short note on the following:

- a. COVID-19 Vaccine Apartheid
- b. Digital Capitalism

Contd.....P.2

Section - B

2. Analyze the strengths and weaknesses of restorative and retributive justice models in international criminal justice. How can different disciplinary perspectives enhance our understanding and response to mass atrocities?
3. Critically explain the difficulties in defining terrorism and its causes in conflict and peace. Also evaluate UN efforts against terrorism and suggest strategies to address its root causes.

Section - C

4. What are the core features of the EU Artificial Intelligence Act's regulatory approach, and how does it classify AI systems based on risk?
 5. Critically examine the global dangers posed by the development and proliferation of autonomous weapons.
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RAJIV GANDHI NATIONAL UNIVERSITY OF LAW, PUNJAB



LL.M. (ONE YEAR COURSE)

SECOND SEMESTER

END TERM EXAMINATION

MAY - 2025

**PAPER-III: CORPORATE FINANCE AND
TAXATION**

TIME DURATION: ONE AND HALF HOUR

MAXIMUM MARKS: FORTY (40)

Note: Section-A is **compulsory** and each part carries **5 marks**.

Attempt **one question** each from Section B and C each
question carries **15 marks**.

Section - A

1. Compulsory

Write short note on the following:

- a. Briefly explain the taxation framework of Venture Capital Funds (VCF's) with special reference to the operation of the 'pass-through' mechanism under the Income Tax Act, 1961.
- b. During scrutiny assessment, Rudra Trust, registered under Section 12AB of Income Tax Act, 1961 is found applying income for the benefit of a particular religious community. Decide whether the Assessing Officer can directly deny the exemption, and state the procedure to be followed.

Section - B

2. Ramesh, a resident of India, has earned consultancy fees from USA, and taxes have been deducted from the source in USA. India and USA have a Double Taxation Avoidance Agreement (DTAA). In this context, discuss the mechanisms available under the Indian Income Tax Act, 1961 for Ramesh to seek relief from double taxation. Explain the relevant statutory provisions, the eligibility conditions, and the procedures to be followed for claiming such relief.
3. "Section 9 is a deeming provision that broadens the scope of Indian taxation beyond territorial limits." - Discuss.

Section - C

4. Explain the concept of transfer pricing under the Income Tax Act, 1961. Discuss the arm's length principle and the methods prescribed for determining arm's length price along with relevant case laws.
 5. An Indian company establishes multiple step-down subsidiaries in foreign jurisdictions to route its investments, resulting in significant tax savings. Examine the applicability of General Anti-Avoidance Rules (GAAR) to such an arrangement under the Income Tax Act, 1961, highlighting the key principles governing GAAR and the factors determining whether the arrangement amounts to tax avoidance.
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**LL.M. (ONE YEAR COURSE)
SECOND SEMESTER
END TERM EXAMINATION
MAY - 2025
PAPER-II: LAW OF CRIMES - II
TIME DURATION: ONE AND HALF HOUR
MAXIMUM MARKS: FORTY (40)**

Note: Section-A is **compulsory** and each part carries **5 marks**.
Attempt **one question** each from Section B and C each
question carries **15 marks**.

Section - A

1. **Compulsory**

Write short note on the following:

- a. Right to be forgotten. Advantage and disadvantage.
- b. Differentiate between sentencing and punishment.

Contd.....P.2

Section - B

2. Explain with suitable case studies the objective and scope of withdrawal of a case from prosecution. Is there any possibility of misuse of this provision. Also discuss the BNSS, 2023 provisions in this regard.
3. Explain the contemporary legal and judicial framework with reference to bail in India. What is the rationale behind the transit anticipatory bail.

Section - C

4. Discuss in detail the fundamental issues revolving around sentencing in India . In the BNS, 2023 the minimum mandatory punishment has been prescribed for a large number of offences. Discuss its impact in the light of sentencing policy with the help of decided cases.
5. Who is a victim? With the help of decided cases, discuss the challenges faced by the victim of crime in the redressal of grievances. What inclusions have been made in the BNSS, 2023 to accord more protection to victims of crime.

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**LL.M. (ONE YEAR COURSE)
SECOND SEMESTER
END TERM EXAMINATION
MAY - 2025**

**PAPER-II: FUNDAMENTAL RIGHTS AND
DIRECTIVE PRINCIPLES OF
STATE POLICY**

**TIME DURATION: ONE AND HALF HOUR
MAXIMUM MARKS: FORTY (40)**

Note: Section-A is **compulsory** and each part carries **5 marks**.
Attempt **one question** each from Section B and C each
question carries **15 marks**.

Section - A

1. Compulsory

Write short note on the following:

- a. What is socialism? How is it different from social justice?
- b. Examine the right to a clean environment under the Constitution of India, with reference to key judicial pronouncements.

Contd.....P.2

Section - B

2. Critically analyse the effectiveness of the implementation of the Right to Education in India with the help of relevant case laws.
3. "The significance of the perception that Parts III and IV of the Indian Constitution, together constitute the core of the commitment to social revolution and they, together, are the conscience of the Constitution is to be traced to a deep understanding of the scheme of the Indian Constitution." In this context, analyse the relationship between the fundamental rights and the Directive Principles of State Policy in India with relevant case laws.

Section - C

4. Discuss the judicial development of the right to legal aid under Article 39A of the Constitution of India.
 5. Discuss the role played by Directive Principles of state policy in promoting International Peace and Security.
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RAJIV GANDHI NATIONAL UNIVERSITY OF LAW, PUNJAB



**LL.M. (ONE YEAR COURSE)
SECOND SEMESTER
END TERM EXAMINATION
MAY - 2025
PAPER-III: INSOLVENCY AND
BANKRUPTCY
TIME DURATION: ONE AND HALF HOUR
MAXIMUM MARKS: FOURTY (40)**

Note: Section-A is **compulsory** and each part carries **5 marks**.
Attempt **one question** each from Section B and C each
question carries **15 marks**.

Section - A

1. **Compulsory**

Write short note on the following:

- a. Facing imminent insolvency, DEF Ltd. transfers Rs. 50 lakh to its creditor Mr. Arjun, sidelining other creditors like Ms. Priya and Mr. Ravi. Later, during liquidation proceedings, the Liquidator questions the transaction. Discuss whether the transfer to Arjun can be set aside and what are the rights and liabilities of Arjun if the transaction is invalidated.
- b. Critically examine the need for a group insolvency framework under the Indian Insolvency Law.

Contd.....P.2

Section - B

2. Define liquidation estate and analyze the powers granted to the liquidator under the IBC, 2016, assessing how they contribute to the efficient resolution of the liquidation process. Support your answer with relevant case laws.
3. Explain the voluntary liquidation process under IBC with special reference to the IBBI (Voluntary Liquidation Process) Regulations, 2017.

Section - C

4. Examine the challenges faced by national insolvency laws in handling cross-border insolvency cases and discuss how the UNCITRAL Legislative Guide and Model Law aim to overcome these challenges.
5. Sapphire Textiles Pvt. Ltd. undergoing fast track CIRP appointed a valuer after 28 days and failed to complete the process within 90 days. Discuss the compliance issues faced by the company including the possibility of extension under the Fast Track CIRP provisions.

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May LLM

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OF LAW, RAJIV GANDHI NATIONAL UNIVERSITY OF LAW, PUNJAB



**LL.M. (ONE YEAR COURSE)
SECOND SEMESTER
END TERM EXAMINATION
MAY - 2025**

Section - C

**PAPER-III: CRIMINOLOGY, PENOLOGY
AND VICTIMOLOGY
TIME DURATION: ONE AND HALF HOUR
MAXIMUM MARKS: FORTY (40)**

**Note: Section-A is compulsory and each part carries 5 marks.
Attempt one question each from Section B and C each
question carries 15 marks.**

Section - A

1. Compulsory

Write short note on the following:

- a. Briefly state the alternatives to imprisonment and also mention whether punishments like community service can reform the offenders
- b. Briefly explain the concept of victimization and its types

Section - B

2. Discuss in detail the kinds of punishment provided in different statutes and explain the theories that are used as justifications for imposition of these punishments by the State.
3. Discuss the paradigm shift in punishment and sentencing policy in India. Highlight the essential components which must be considered while imposing a sentence and whether it is necessary to have sentencing policy in India.

Section - C

4. "Prison conditions [that] are so debilitating that they necessarily deprive inmates of any opportunity to rehabilitate themselves or even maintain skills already possessed". Keeping in mind the above statement write a detailed note on Prison Administration in India?
 5. Explain the meaning and objectives of correctional administration. Are there any specific models or best practices that can explain the concept as well as its effectiveness?
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RAJIV GANDHI NATIONAL UNIVERSITY OF LAW, PUNJAB



**LL.M. (ONE YEAR COURSE)
SECOND SEMESTER
END TERM EXAMINATION
MAY - 2025
PAPER-III: CONSTITUTIONAL
AMENDMENTS AND JUDICIAL
REVIEW
TIME DURATION: ONE AND HALF HOUR
MAXIMUM MARKS: FORTY (40)**

Note: Section-A is **compulsory** and each part carries **5 marks**.
Attempt **one question** each from Section B and C each
question carries **15 marks**.

Section - A

1. Compulsory

Write short note on the following:

- a. Discuss in brief the meaning and scope of constitutionalism in India with the help of one case.
- b. Discuss how the procedure of appointment of judges affects the independence of judiciary.

Section - B

2. Write a detailed note on the decision of the Supreme Court of United States in *Marbury v. Madison*. Do you agree with Felix Frankfurter J. when he critiques the judgment by suggesting that the 'courage of *Marbury v. Madison* is not minimized by suggesting that its reasoning is not impeccable and its conclusion, however wise, not inevitable'. Discuss.
3. Discuss in detail how far the scheme contained in the Constitution of India that provides for judicial review of legislation enacted by Parliament is scrutinised judicially by the Apex Court of India. Do you agree that personal law is also subject to judicial review?

Section - C

4. Discuss in detail how Public Interest Litigation has turned Supreme Court of India into Supreme Court of all Indians providing access to justice to the proverbial 'last-man' in the society. Cite case law.
 5. Supreme court may issue guidelines and norms to fill the vacuum in existing legislation in order to enforce the fundamental rights. International conventions and norms, consistent with the spirit of fundamental rights can be read into those rights for interpreting them in the larger context to promote the objectives of the Constitution. Comment in the light of any one decided case.
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RAJIV GANDHI NATIONAL UNIVERSITY OF LAW, PUNJAB



**LL.M. (ONE YEAR COURSE)
SECOND SEMESTER
END TERM EXAMINATION
MAY 2025
PAPER-IV: FAMILY LAW
TIME DURATION: ONE AND HALF HOUR
MAXIMUM MARKS: FORTY (40)**

Note: Section-A is **compulsory** and each part carries **5 marks**.
Attempt **one question** each from Section B & C each
question carries **15 marks**.

Section - A

1. Compulsory

Write short note on the following:

- a. What is Notional Partition?
- b. Sources of Muslim Law

Contd.....P.2

Section - B

2. What will be the Character of the Property in the following cases?
1. Property inherited from Father, Father's Father and Father's Father's Father. (3)
 2. Property after Partition. (3)
 3. Recovered Joint Family Property. (3)
 4. Gains of Learning. (3)
 5. Benefits of Insurance Policy (3)
3. A Hindu Male 'M' dies intestate leaving behind his Separate property. He is survived by the following:
- a) His Wife 'W'
 - b) His living Son 'S1'
 - c) His living Daughter 'D'
 - d) His Mother 'Ma'
 - e) His Father 'F'
 - f) His Predeceased Son 'S2's Son 'S2S'
 - g) His Predeceased Son 'S2's Daughter 'S2D'
 - h) His Predeceased Son's 'S2's Widow 'S2W'

His Predeceased Son 'S2's Son 'S2S' murdered his grandfather 'M'. His Mother was suffering from mental illness when he died and his Daughter 'D' converted into a non- Hindu religion before the death of 'M'. Distribute the shares of the eligible heirs in accordance with the Hindu Succession Law

Section - C

4. Discuss the reasoning of the Supreme Court behind declaring the Triple Talaq as unconstitutional in the case of Shayara Bano vs. Union of India (2017).
 5. Discuss in detail the essential conditions of a Wasiyat under Muslim Law. Elaborate upon the concept of Abatement of Legacies under Muslim Law.
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