

Roll no. _____

RG/ET/07/05/25

RAJIV GANDHI NATIONAL UNIVERSITY OF LAW, PUNJAB



**B.A.LL.B. (HONS.) FYIC
TENTH SEMESTER
END TERM EXAMINATION
MAY - 2025**

**PAPER -I: CLINICAL LEGAL EDUCATION
(DRAFTING, PLEADING,
CONVEYANCING AND
PROFESSIONAL LEGAL ETHICS)
TIME DURATION: THREE HOUR
MAXIMUM MARKS: EIGHTY (80)**

Note: Section-A is **compulsory** and each part carries **5 marks**.
Attempt **one question** each from Section B,C,D &E and each
question carries **15 marks**.

Section - A

1. Compulsory

Write short note on the following:

- Draft the verification to be made on a plaint filed in a suit for recovery.
- Draft an anticipatory bail application
- You are a Research scholar at RGNUL, Patiala. You are doing research on Death sentence. Write an application under the RTI Act to the Jail Superintendent , Prison , Patiala asking information about the number of death sentences being carried out since Jan 2010 , the name and designation of the hang man and the officials who need to be present at the time of execution of sentence.

Contd. P 2

- d. Explain the meaning and importance of Conveyance in brief.

Section - B

2. A Hindu wife has left the matrimonial house without any just and reasonable cause. Draft a petition under section 9 of the Hindu Marriage Act, 1955 for restitution of Conjugal rights.
3. Draft a plaint to be filed in a suit for Specific performance of Contract

Section - C

4. Draft a complaint to be filed under section 303 BNS in case of theft.
5. A cheque was issued by the accused which bounced due Insufficient Funds. Draft a complaint under section 138 of the Negotiable Instruments Act.

Section - D

6. Draft an application for dismissal of the suit of the plaintiff under section 11 CPC.
7. Draft a petition to be filed in a writ of Habeas Corpus.

Section - E

8. Draft a Lease Deed for a house to be let on monthly rent of Rs 5000 for a period of 2 years.
9. Draft an agreement for Sale of a plot measuring 250 square yards for a total consideration of Rs 10 Lakh.

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RG/ET/09/05/25

RAJIV GANDHI NATIONAL UNIVERSITY OF LAW, PUNJAB



**B.A.LL.B. (HONS.) FYIC
TENTH SEMESTER
END TERM EXAMINATION
MAY - 2025**

**PAPER-II: CLINICAL LEGAL EDUCATION
(PUBLIC INTEREST LAWYERING
, LEGAL AID AND PARA LEGAL
SERVICES)**

**TIME DURATION: THREE HOURS
MAXIMUM MARKS: EIGHTY (80)**

Note: Section-A is **compulsory** and each part carries **5 marks**.

Attempt **one question** each from Section B,C,D &E and each question carries **15 marks**.

Section - A

1. Compulsory

Write short note on the following:

- a. Define the Social Interest Litigation and Public Interest Litigation
- b. Explain the role of media in public interest litigation
- c. Explain regulation of Public Interest Lawyering.
- d. Define Paralegal services. How these services are fruitful for legal aid?

Section - B

2. Under the extraordinary jurisdiction of the Constitutional Courts, apart from the concerned parties, even third parties have been allowed locus standi to move writ petition before the Courts. Further, the Supreme Court has also developed the epistolary jurisdiction of the Court. The Supreme Court has even developed the *suo motu* extraordinary jurisdiction." Do you agree with the above statement. If yes, then give your comments with reasons along with relevant case laws on extraordinary jurisdiction of the Constitutional Courts in Public Interest matters.
3. Explain the different theories of public interest lawyering. Which theory is most suitable in Indian scenario?

Section - C

4. The Public Interest Litigation is demarked with certain restraints. Explain with reference to the limitations in Criminal Justice System.
5. Define the safeguards of public interest litigation. To what extent environment protection is successful through public interest litigation?

Section - D

6. Examine in detail, with the help of relevant provisions and landmark judgments, the Constitutional need and relevance of Legal Aid.
7. Critically examine the legislative and constitutional developments in providing free legal services to the people. Also explain the criteria of providing free legal services

Section - E

8. a) 'Lok-Adalats have become the biggest tool for Justice under Legal Services in India.' Discuss the statement with the help of relevant examples.
b) Mr. 'A' had filed a petition in Permanent Lok Adalat on the ground that he owns 20 Acres agricultural land in his native village and alleges that Mr 'X' had put up a construction on common path due to which he was not able to enjoy his land and wants to remove the obstruction. For settlement of dispute, tehsildar was called by Permanent Lok Adalat two times but he did not appear before the forum. Discuss the powers exercised by Permanent Lok Adalats with reference to above mentioned problem?
9. Define Legal Aid under Indian constitution. Explain the hierarchy of Legal Aid Service Authorities. Also mention the powers and authority of legal service authorities.

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RAJIV GANDHI NATIONAL UNIVERSITY OF LAW, PUNJAB



**B.A.LL.B. (HONS.) FYIC
TENTH SEMESTER
END TERM EXAMINATION
MAY - 2025
PAPER - III: CORPORATE GOVERNANCE
AND CORPORATE SOCIAL
RESPONSIBILITY
TIME DURATION: THREE HOUR
MAXIMUM MARKS: EIGHTY (80)**

Note: Section-A is compulsory and each part carries 5 marks.

Attempt **one question** each from Section B,C,D &E and each question carries **15 marks**.

Section - A

1. Compulsory

Write short note on the following:

- a. How does the concept of corporate governance enhance stakeholder trust in an organization?
- b. Enumerate the functions a Board of Directors can undertake in relation to good governance?
- c. Did the Satyam Scam change the way Corporate Governance is addressed in India? Discuss.
- d. Enumerate the various local practices adopted to incorporate corporate social responsibility.

Section - B

2. Analyze the growth and evolving relevance of corporate governance in the context of globalization and technological advancement. How has this evolution impacted corporate accountability and business ethics?
3. In what ways do business ethics influence corporate governance practice? How effectively do they address issues related to ethical conduct and management transparency in modern corporations?

Section - C

4. Critically analyze the role of Independent Directors in ensuring corporate accountability and transparency. To what extent do legal frameworks and regulatory guidelines in India, such as those recommended by SEBI and the Companies Act, support their effectiveness?
5. Evaluate the significance of the CII's Desirable Corporate Governance Code. How do such regulations help in promoting ethical corporate conduct.

Section - D

6. Write a detailed note on how various committees set under the guidance of SEBI have induced the concept of good governance in the corporate sector.
7. The concept of good governance has evolved with every single corporate scam that the global corporate sector faced. Critically evaluate this statement with the help of relevant case studies.

Section - E

8. Explain the relationship between Corporate Governance and Corporate Social Responsibility. Can social responsibility replace the idea of good governance?
9. Has sustainability changed roles in the modern corporate world and has become the central element of corporate social responsibility? Comment.

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RAJIV GANDHI NATIONAL UNIVERSITY OF LAW, PUNJAB



**B.A.LL.B. (HONS.) FYIC
TENTH SEMESTER
END TERM EXAMINATION
MAY - 2025
PAPER - III: ADVANCED CYBER LAW
TIME DURATION: THREE HOUR
MAXIMUM MARKS: EIGHTY (80)**

Note: Section-A is **compulsory** and each part carries **5 marks**.
Attempt **one question** each from Section B,C,D &E and each question carries **15 marks**.

Section - A

1. Compulsory

Write short note on the following:

- a. Models of criminal liability to fix responsibility on Artificial Intelligence systems
- b. Use of Artificial Intelligence in predictive policing, with special reference to the Indian legal framework and global perspectives.
- c. Discuss the legal challenges posed by deepfakes, citing relevant examples and case studies
- d. Legal and ethical challenges in the use of cryptocurrency

Section - B

2. Critically analyse the legal challenges in the use of artificial intelligence with special reference to privacy. Corroborate your answer with case studies, focusing on Indian scenario.
3. Elucidate the evolution of Artificial Intelligence and analyze the ethical challenges it raises in contemporary society.

Section - C

4. Discuss the legal implications of integrating Artificial Intelligence into outer space activities, with special reference to issues of liability, legal personality, and data privacy under international and national frameworks.
5. Critically analyze the impact of Artificial Intelligence on data privacy and patient autonomy in Precision Health, highlighting the need for regulatory safeguards and legal accountability.

Section - D

6. Critically analyze legal and ethical issues in generative AI ownership and training data, evaluating U.S., UK, Singapore, EU frameworks, and propose a regulatory solution, citing case studies.
7. Critically analyse the interface between Artificial Intelligence and Refugee governance, focusing on policy implications and legal frameworks with the aid of case studies.

Section - E

8. Discuss the concept of splinternet with special reference to India's role in the global splinternet and citing international perspectives.
9. Elucidate the arguments for and against granting legal personhood to AI, particularly in the metaverse context evaluating the proposed tiered model of legal personhood and distributed responsibility with the help of case studies. Propose a balanced legal framework to address liability, accountability, and redressal for AI avatars and their human stakeholders.

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RAJIV GANDHI NATIONAL UNIVERSITY OF LAW, PUNJAB



**B.A.LL.B. (HONS.) FYIC
TENTH SEMESTER
END TERM EXAMINATION
MAY - 2025
PAPER - ~~III~~ ELECTION LAWS
TIME DURATION: THREE HOUR
MAXIMUM MARKS: EIGHTY (80)**

Note: Section-A is **compulsory** and each part carries **5 marks**.
Attempt **one question** each from Section B,C,D &E and each question carries **15 marks**.

Section - A

1. Compulsory

Write short note on the following:

- a. Whether there are adequate provisions in Indian Election Laws to prevent Gerrymandering? Discuss relevant provisions.
- b. Discuss the role of State Election Commission.
- c. What are the consequences if the candidate files incorrect account of his election expenses? Discuss.
- d. What is the legal relevance and legal status of Model Code of Conduct?

Contd.....P.2

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Question 2 is compulsory and carries 10 marks. All other questions carry 15 marks each.

Section A

Compulsory

Write short notes on the following:

- a. Whether there are any provisions relating to the election of members to the State Election Commission.
- b. Whether the candidates for the election of members to the State Election Commission are required to deposit any amount.
- c. Whether the candidates for the election of members to the State Election Commission are required to deposit any amount.
- d. What is the legal responsibility of the members of the State Election Commission.

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RAJIV GANDHI NATIONAL UNIVERSITY OF LAW, PUNJAB



**B.A.LL.B. (HONS.) FYIC
TENTH SEMESTER
END TERM EXAMINATION
MAY - 2025
PAPER - IV: VICTIMOLOGY AND VICTIM
JUSTICE
TIME DURATION: THREE HOUR
MAXIMUM MARKS: EIGHTY (80)**

Note: Section-A is **compulsory** and each part carries **5 marks**.
Attempt **one question** each from Section B,C,D &E and each
question carries **15 marks**.

Section - A

1. Compulsory

Write short note on the following:

- a. Discuss the various Typologies of victims as given by Benjamin Mendelsohn.
- b. Discuss the factors affecting reporting of criminal cases to the police.
- c. A Fair Trial has to be fair to the accused and also fair to the needs of victims. Comment
- d. Explain the concept of compensation to victim by accused Under Section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973 (Sec. 395 BNSS).

Contd.....P.2

Section - B

2. Discuss in detail the 'Routine Activities Theory' & the 'Life Style Theory' and other relevant theories in regard to victimization.
3. Explain in detail the relevance of various Criminal Justice System Models in regard to the victims of crime and Victims of abuse of power.

Section - C

4. Discuss in detail with the help of relevant provisions and case laws, the law concerning further investigation, re-investigation/de novo investigation in India.
5. Explain in detail with the help of relevant provisions and case laws, the role of victim advocates in addressing the issues relating to the Victims of Crime.

Section - D

6. Discuss in detail, with the help of relevant provisions and case laws as to under what circumstances the Constitutional Courts must interfere in appeal against an order of acquittal passed by the Trial Court.
7. The proviso to Section 372 of the *Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973* provides that the *victim shall have a right to prefer an appeal against any order passed by the Court acquitting the accused or convicting for a lesser offence or imposing inadequate compensation, and such appeal shall lie to the Court to which an appeal ordinarily lies against the order of conviction of such Court.*

In the light of the above provision, discuss with the help of relevant case laws, the law concerning the right to appeal available to victims of crime under Section 372 of the *Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973* (Section 413 BNSS).

Section - E

8. Discuss in detail, the judgment in the case of *Rajinder Singh v. State (2025 Delhi High Court)*.
9. The State is liable to pay compensation to the victim where compensation under Section 357 of the *Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973* is inadequate or where the case ends in acquittal or discharge and the victim is required to be rehabilitated or when the accused is not traced but the victim has been identified, or where no trial has commenced.

In the light of the above discussion, explain in detail (with the help of relevant provisions and case laws) the law concerning compensation to victims of crime for rehabilitation purposes (Section 357-A of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973/396 of BNSS), which were originally not there in the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973.

Section 1

The first part of the document discusses the importance of maintaining accurate records of all transactions. It states that every entry should be supported by a valid receipt or invoice. The document also mentions that the records should be kept for a minimum of seven years. This is to ensure that all financial data is properly documented and can be reviewed if necessary. The text is somewhat faint and difficult to read in some places.

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RAJIV GANDHI NATIONAL UNIVERSITY OF LAW, PUNJAB



**B.A.LL.B. (HONS.) FYIC
TENTH SEMESTER
END TERM EXAMINATION
MAY - 2025
PAPER - IV: PARLIAMENTARY PRACTICE
AND PROCEDURES
TIME DURATION: THREE HOUR
MAXIMUM MARKS: EIGHTY (80)**

Note: Section-A is compulsory and each part carries 5 marks.
Attempt **one** question each from Section B,C,D&E and each
question carries 15 marks.

Section - A

1. Compulsory

Write short note on the following:

- a. De-registration of Political Parties
- b. Adjournment and Prorogation
- c. Significance of Committee Reports
- d. The impact of globalization on the functioning of the Indian Parliament

Contd.....P.2

Section - B

2. Critically evaluate the extent to which parliamentary administration in India operates independently from the executive and other branches of government.
3. To what extent did the British constitutional reforms in colonial India lay the groundwork for a parliamentary system and responsible government, despite their inherent limitations and the overarching goal of maintaining British supremacy?

Section - C

4. “Effective parliamentary procedure and well-defined rules are essential for the orderly conduct of business, ensuring accountability, and upholding democratic principles within the Indian Parliament.” Critically evaluate this statement by examining the role and impact of key procedural devices such as the Question Hour, Zero Hour, Calling Attention Motions, and various types of resolutions and motions on the functioning and effectiveness of parliamentary oversight and debate.
5. Discuss the significance of the Rules of Procedure and Conduct of Business in both Houses of the Indian Parliament in regulating legislative processes, including the introduction, debate, amendment, and passage of bills.

Section - D

6. Critically evaluate the composition, functions, and effectiveness of different types of Parliamentary Committees in India, such as Standing Committees, Departmentally Related Standing Committees, and Ad Hoc Committees.

7. Analyze the arguments for and against judicial scrutiny of parliamentary privileges, considering the principles of separation of powers, parliamentary sovereignty, and the fundamental rights of citizens.

Section - E

8. Critically evaluate the potential roles and implications of integrating Artificial Intelligence (AI) into the proceedings of the Indian Parliament.
 9. Explain the evolving role of social media platforms in fostering public participation in and engagement with parliamentary proceedings in India.
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1. The first part of the document discusses the importance of maintaining accurate records of all transactions. It emphasizes that proper record-keeping is essential for the integrity of the financial system and for the ability to detect and prevent fraud.

2. Objectives

The primary objective of this document is to provide a clear and concise overview of the current state of the financial system and to identify the key areas that require attention. It also aims to establish a framework for the development of a comprehensive financial management strategy.

The document is structured as follows: Section 1 provides an overview of the financial system and its components. Section 2 outlines the objectives and scope of the study. Section 3 discusses the current state of the financial system and identifies the key areas that require attention. Section 4 presents the findings of the study and provides recommendations for the development of a comprehensive financial management strategy.

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RAJIV GANDHI NATIONAL UNIVERSITY OF LAW, PUNJAB

**B.A.LL.B. (HONS.) FYIC
TENTH SEMESTER
END TERM EXAMINATION
MAY - 2025
PAPER -V: LAW OF DRUGS AND
NARCOTICS
TIME DURATION: THREE HOUR
MAXIMUM MARKS: EIGHTY (80)**

Note: Section-A is **compulsory** and each part carries **5 marks**.
Attempt **one question** each from Section B,C,D&E and each
question carries **15 marks**.

Section - A

1. Compulsory

Write short note on the following:

- a. What are the international conventions on Drugs and Narcotics?
Give a brief outline.
- b. Causes of the abuse of Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic
Substances Act, 1985.
- c. Elucidate the role of the United Nations on Drugs and Crime
(UNODC) in fostering international cooperation to combat
transnational organized crime and address drug-related
challenges.

- d. An individual is found in possession of 1 gram of heroin. Possessing less than 5 grams of heroin is considered a small quantity under local legislation. Discuss the legal implications of possessing a small quantity of narcotic drugs under the NDPS Act, 1985.

Section - B

2. Discuss the National Policy on Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances.
3. Trace the historical evolution of India's legal framework for controlling narcotic drugs. How the Indian judicial system has given interpretations to shaping the country's response to drug abuse and trafficking?

Section - C

4. Evaluate the provisions related to prohibition, control, and regulation of narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances under the NDPS Act, 1985.
5. Critically examine the judicial interpretation of the term 'conscious possession' under the NDPS Act, 1985. How has the Indian judiciary distinguished between mere physical possession and culpable mental awareness in drug-related offences?

Section - D

6. Critically examine the powers and procedures relating to search, seizure, and arrest under the NDPS Act, 1985.
7. Critically evaluate the role of presumptions and reverse onus clauses under the NDPS Act, 1985. How do these provisions impact the principle of 'innocent until proven guilty'?

Section - E

8. Discuss the composition and functions of the Drugs Technical Advisory Board, the Central Drugs Laboratory, and the Drugs Consultative Committee. How do these bodies contribute to ensuring drug safety and regulatory compliance under the Act?
9. Elaborate on the powers and procedures prescribed under the Drugs and Cosmetics Act, 1940, for regulating the import of drugs and cosmetics. What regulatory mechanisms are in place to prevent the import of substandard or harmful products?
