



Rajiv Gandhi National University of Law, Punjab
(Accredited with 'A' Grade by NAAC)

Open Book Online End Term Examination – May, 2022
B.A. LL.B. (Hons.) FYIC
Semester – 2nd

Subject – Development and International Economics (Minor)

Time – 1 ½ Hours

Maximum Marks – 40

Part - A

Attempt all questions of this Part. Each question carries 5 marks.

1. Do you agree with the view that development of social and economic infrastructure is central to any future strategy of poverty alleviation? Elaborate your answer.
2. 'Trade theory emphasises differences in comparative costs to explain trade patterns.' Elucidate. Also discuss as to what other factors need to be taken into account if actual trade patterns are to be fully explained.

Part – B

Attempt any two questions. Each question carries 15 marks.

3. "The fixed minimum and maximum values are taken for each of the components of Human Development Index to compute the HDI value." In the light of the statement, discuss the rationale behind these values. Also discuss the new measures of aspects of human development which have been introduced to capture other critical dimensions of human development.
4. "Balanced and unbalanced growth need not be conflicting and an optimal strategy of development should combine some elements of balanced and unbalanced growth approach." Discuss with reference to sectoral planning in India.
5. Are demand patterns or factor endowments more important in determining the structure of international specialization? In this connection, critically explain the views of contributors of factor proportions theory.
6. "TRIPS Agreement of WTO aims at unifying intellectual property rights norms and putting developing countries and LDCs on an equal footing with developed nations." In light of the statement, discuss the emergence of TRIPS Agreement for international regulation of intellectual property rights. Also discuss the implications of TRIPS agreement on Indian pharmaceutical industry.



Rajiv Gandhi National University of Law, Punjab
(Accredited with 'A' Grade by NAAC)

Open Book Online End Term Examination – May, 2022
B.A. LL.B. (Hons.) FYIC
Semester - II
Subject – English - II

Time – 1 ½ Hour

Maximum Marks – 40

Part - A

Attempt all question of this Part. Each question carries 5 marks.

- 1) Name the parts of the speech in the following sentences:-
 - i) One day, trapped indoors by incessant rain, Byron suggested that they all write ghost stories.
 - ii) In the middle of the summer Moses, the raven suddenly reappeared on the farm after an absence of several years.
 - iii) It is natural for those who live in such a large and diverse country as ours to feel concerned about the nature of the Indian identity.
 - iv) Claus Oldenburg, an American artist, once said, 'I am for an art that takes its form from the lives itself, that twists and extends and accumulates and spits and drips and is heavy and coarse and blunt and sweet and stupid as life itself.'
 - v) In this age of modernity, can we truly condone such horrific acts?

- 2)a) Identify the Rhetorical Devices in the following sentences:
 - i) There are more reasons for NASA to fund a trip to Jupiter than there are miles in the Journey.
 - ii) To the uninitiated, neuro physiology can be a bit of challenge.
 - iii) Life can be kind and cruel, full of hope and heartache.
 - iv) The night is gentle and quite; so too is my love for her.
 - v) Teaching is not easy. Sometimes they have to deal with aggressive children.



Rajiv Gandhi National University of Law, Punjab
(Accredited with 'A' Grade by NAAC)

Open Book Online End Term Examination – May, 2022
B.A. LL.B. (Hons.) FYIC
Semester - II
Subject – English - II

Time – 1 ½ Hour

Maximum Marks – 40

- b) Proof-read and rewrite any two of the following paragraphs:
- i) January 21, 1976 was the special day. On that day, two supersonic Concorde aircraft made their first flights one took off from London and the other from Paris. Later that year, the first Concorde flew to New York. The flight from London to New York took about three hours. Other planes took twice the time to make the flight. The fleet of Concords was retired in 2003. Over the years, the planes had carried more than 2.5 million passengers.
 - ii) Do you know where the longest road on Earth can be found. The Pan-American Highway begins in Alaska. It passes through Canada, United States and Mexico. Then it continues down the west coast of South America all the way to Chile. Altogether, the highway passes through 12 countries. It passes through jungles and mountains the road is about 16,000 miles long.
 - iii) Are you familiar with the work of Marie Curie. Born in Warsaw, Poland, on November 7, 1867, Curie was a Chemist and physicist. She and her husband Pierre won the Nobel Prize in 1903 for their discovery of the element radium. In 1911, Marie became the first person to win the Nobel Prize she won the second award for her study of radioactivity. Marie died in 1934 from cancer caused by her contact with radiation.

Part – B

Attempt any two questions. Each question carries 15 marks.

- 3) Write an essay on any one of the following:
- i) Metaverse as Art.



Rajiv Gandhi National University of Law, Punjab
(Accredited with 'A' Grade by NAAC)

Open Book Online End Term Examination – May, 2022
B.A. LL.B. (Hons.) FYIC
Semester - II
Subject – English - II

Time – 1 ½ Hour

Maximum Marks – 40

-
- ii) 'The world would rather normalize catastrophe than work for preventing it'.
- iii) A day in the life of an RGNUL student.
- iv) Only the dead have seen the end of war.
- 4)a) 'Who is the more humane executioner, one who kills you in a few seconds or one who draws the life out of you incessantly, for years? Answer the Banker's question'
- b) Explain with reference to context: 'The State is not God'
- 5)a) Explain the following terms:
- Docile Bodies
 - Panopticism
 - Proxemics
 - Neo Colonialism (as reflected in the play Ruined)
 - 'Prison' in The Prisons We Broke
- b) Change the voice of the following sentences:
- The box was thrown away by him.
 - A movie was being watched by harsh.
 - People speak Portuglese in Brazil.
 - Somebody ships the products via express mail.
 - The bus driver was hurt.
- 6) How can you communicate effectively with someone when they are clearly not listening?



Rajiv Gandhi National University of Law, Punjab
(Accredited with 'A' Grade by NAAC)

Open Book Online End Term Examination – May, 2022
B.A. LL.B. (Hons.) FYIC
Semester - II
Subject – English - II

Time – 1 ½ Hour

Maximum Marks – 40

- b) How do student competition (moot, debate, presentations) help to hone communication skills?



Rajiv Gandhi National University of Law, Punjab
(Accredited with 'A' Grade by NAAC)

Open Book Online End Term Examination – May, 2022
B.A. LL.B. (Hons.) FYIC
Semester – 2nd

Subject – History of Modern India (Minor)

Time – 1 ½ Hours

Maximum Marks – 40

Part - A

Attempt all questions of this Part. Each question carries 5 marks.

1. Do you think that the establishment of National Law Schools have proved to be a turning point in the history of Legal Education in India? Give reasons in support of your answer.
2. Examine the methods adopted by Charu Mazumdar and Jangal Santhal to revolutionise the peasants in the Naxalbari area of Darjeeling in the North Bengal?

Part – B

Attempt any two questions. Each question carries 15 marks.

3. The linguistic reorganisation of the states resulted in rationalizing the political map of India without seriously weakening its unity. Examine.
4. Critically evaluate the concepts of ‘Total Revolution’ and Partyless Democracy” in context of movement initiated by Jayaprakash Narayan in the later half of the twentieth century.
5. “The movement made a significant contribution by creating a moral ambience, an atmosphere, which, while putting pressure on the landlords, created conditions favourable to the landless”. Critically examine this statement in the light of the movement started by an eminent Gandhian worker who relied upon constructive work and trusteeship to introduce land reform?
6. Critically evaluate the role of Autonomous Groups like *Saheli* and *Anveshi* in consolidating the position of women in post independent India. Also focus upon the various schemes initiated by the government for the betterment of women and their effectiveness.



Rajiv Gandhi National University of Law, Punjab
(Accredited with 'A' Grade by NAAC)

Open Book Online End Term Examination – May, 2022
B.A. LL.B. (Hons.) FYIC
Semester – 2nd

Subject – Law of Contract-II (Including Sales of Goods)

Time – 1 ½ Hours

Maximum Marks – 40

Part - A

Attempt all questions of this Part. Each question carries 5 marks.

1. A appoints B as his Agent to sell some of his goods. B gets sick and refers C to A for selling those goods. A appoints C for completing the specific work only. Explain the type of agency created between A and C.
2. X and Y entered into a Partnership start up but due to their busy schedule, they kept on pushing the registration process. They entered into an agreement with a third-party Z for the supply of some raw material for their business worth rupees 55,000. Z had previously taken some loan from the partnership firm whereby he owed 50,000 rupees to the firm. Z defaulted in the delivery of the raw materials. What remedies will X and Y have in this case? Can they set off their mutual debts with each other?

Part – B

Attempt any two questions. Each question carries 15 marks.

- 3.a) 'A' entered a clause of penalty in the contract of surety. 'A' mentioned that in case of a default the penalty shall be 10 times the actual loss. The principal debtor defaulted in the contract. Is this clause justifiable? Or if the parties approach the court, is the court bound by this clause? Explain your answer with relevant provisions of contract law.
- (b) Mr. Sheril agreed to act as a surety on behalf of Mr. Penny in a contract of guarantee. Mr. Penny was the Principal Debtor and Mr. Canny was Principal Creditor. Mr. Sheril paid a bribe to get the work done in the office of the government on behalf of Mr. Penny. Later on, Mr. Sheril asked the Principal Debtor to indemnify the bribe money. Is Mr. Penny bound under the Law of guarantee to indemnify the surety? Explain your answer with the relevant provision of law of contract with appropriate justification.
4. Rahul, a minor has been admitted to the benefits of a Partnership firm. On the death of one of the partners Ramesh, who was his brother, Rahul claimed that he is entitled to take his place and become a full-time partner in the firm since he is also the legal representative of Ramesh. The remaining partners do not agree with him. Can Rahul bring a legal action against the firm for the enforcement of this claim? Explain in the



Rajiv Gandhi National University of Law, Punjab
(Accredited with 'A' Grade by NAAC)

Open Book Online End Term Examination – May, 2022
B.A. LL.B. (Hons.) FYIC
Semester – 2nd

Subject – Law of Contract-II (Including Sales of Goods)

Time – 1 ½ Hours

Maximum Marks – 40

light of the relevant provisions of the Indian Partnership Act referring to relevant judicial pronouncements.

5. **It is a general principal of Contract Law that** “*Where an agent has been entrusted with the general administration of the affairs of the principal’s business, but no power to substitute others in his place had been given to him, then no such power can be implied, because there was evidently a confidence reposed in him which the principal might not be willing to repose in other.*” Shelly, an agent, had undertaken to transact business of her principal (a trading company). She employed a sub-agent Ron on her own account to assist her in what she had undertaken to do, and did so at her own risk. Can there be a private between such sub-agent and the principal? Is the obligated to pay remuneration to such agent?
6. The goods sent by Mr. Sanjiv (seller) to Mr. Bhramaan (buyer) arrived through a sea transportation at Vishakhapatnam port. In the meantime, Mr. Bhramaan was declared insolvent and this news reached to Mr. Sanjiv. Mr. Bhramaan went to receive the goods, however, while Mr. Bhramaan was on the way, Mr. Sanjiv instructed to stop delivery of goods.

The Buyer’s trustee in bankruptcy claimed the goods.

Who can claim these goods? Whether the transit ended before Mr. Sanjiv gave the instruction? Explain your answer with the relevant provisions of Sale of Goods Act.



Rajiv Gandhi National University of Law, Punjab
(Accredited with 'A' Grade by NAAC)

Open Book Online End Term Examination – May, 2022
B.A. LL.B. (Hons.) FYIC
Semester – 2nd

Subject – Law of Torts and Consumer Protection

Time – 1 ½ Hours

Maximum Marks – 40

Part - A

Attempt all questions of this Part. Each question carries 5 marks.

1. “Ramanathan transport has entrusted his five private buses with experienced drivers to IT institution for taking students for summer tour for ten days. On the fifth day, due to negligence of one driver, there was an accident which injured one motorcyclist coming from opposite direction and two students sitting on left side conductor seat.” Analyze and discuss the liability under Law of Torts.
2. “In a Eye hospital an eye surgeon conducted eye surgery of Mr. X. However, instead of improvement Mr. X lost his eye sight partially. Mr. X wants to file a suit for getting compensation of Rs. 50,000/ under Consumer Protection Act, 2019”. Where he should go for getting compensation? Advise him.

Part – B

Attempt any two questions. Each question carries 15 marks.

3. “Mr. Vinod carried on a business in a shop. Outside his shop, he had installed a board indicating the materials in which he was dealing with. Mr. Rakesh Kumar erected a gasometer outside Mr. Vinod’s shop by the virtue of statutory authority vested in him. The gasometer was erected in such a way that it obstructed the view of Mr. Vinod’s shop. Mr. Vinod brought an action to restrain the erection of gasometer.” Will he succeed? Give answer with reference to relevant law and judicial decision.
4. “Mohit, Ravi and other friends were sitting in a restaurant. Mohit and Ravi had a heated argument over an issue. Ravi thought it is a good time to take past revenge and tried to humiliate Mohit in front of other friends by pulling the chair at the moment when he was about to sit on the chair. He fell immediately but no injury was caused to him.” Decide on the basis of wrongful act of Ravi in view of Law of Torts giving reasons.



Rajiv Gandhi National University of Law, Punjab
(Accredited with 'A' Grade by NAAC)

Open Book Online End Term Examination – May, 2022
B.A. LL.B. (Hons.) FYIC
Semester – 2nd

Subject – Law of Torts and Consumer Protection

Time – 1 ½ Hours

Maximum Marks – 40

5. “Mr. Hummer was an employee in Mr. Paul’s ammunition factory. During the course of employment, a shell which was being manufactured there, exploded and he was injured. There was no negligence on the part of the employer, Mr. Hummer.” Whether Rule of Strict Liability can be applied or not? Give reasoned answer with reference to relevant judicial pronouncements.
6. “A person purchased a readymade shirt from a renowned shop of the city. The shirt was manufactured by Ranamurthy Knitting Mill. When he wore that shirt, he contacted a skin disease. He is confused whether he should file a suit against shopkeeper or manufacturer.” Advise him, in the light of the provision of Consumer Protection Act, 2019.



Rajiv Gandhi National University of Law, Punjab
(Accredited with 'A' Grade by NAAC)

Open Book Online End Term Examination – May, 2022
B.A. LL.B. (Hons.) FYIC
Semester – 2nd
Subject – Macroeconomics (Major-2)

Time – 1 ½ Hours

Maximum Marks – 40

Part - A

Attempt all question of this Part. Each question carries 5 marks.

1. Commercial banks can only lend to the public to the extent that the members of the public have lent their money to them. Do you agree? Explain using a working example how.
2. “Individual savings can hurt a nation's economic productivity thus causing detriment to individuals within that nation.” Explain, using a diagram the theory behind this statement specially in reference to the Keynesian ideology which explains that productivity is driven by aggregate demand.

Part – B

Attempt any two questions. Each question carries 15 marks.

2. “With perfectly free competition....., there will be at work a strong tendency for wage rates to be related to the demand that everybody is employed.” Explain what is meant by this statement? Further, discuss in the light of this quote the phenomenon that works to build up a correlation between wage rates and the economy’s need to keep every person employed.
3. General overproduction and unemployment can exist because aggregate demand through aggregate consumption depends upon current disposable income. How does there exist an interdependence between the two variables, especially in an economy where MPC is less than one? Illustrate the phenomenon laying due emphasis on the postulates that support the interface.
4. “The value of money, like the value of anything, is mainly a question of demand and supply.” Draw out a detailed account of the ideology that builds up on the inter-relation between the value of money and its quantity. Also explain why does this



Rajiv Gandhi National University of Law, Punjab
(Accredited with 'A' Grade by NAAC)

Open Book Online End Term Examination – May, 2022
B.A. LL.B. (Hons.) FYIC
Semester – 2nd
Subject – Macroeconomics (Major-2)

Time – 1 ½ Hours

Maximum Marks – 40

theory not provide for a precise and an accurate measurement of purchasing power of money?

5. A well organized Central Bank controls the internal price level, stabilizes the rate of exchange and prevents the occurrence of financial and industrial crisis. How does the Central Bank achieve all these objectives? Which tools of monetary governance play the key role in ensuring appropriate emphasis on the priority sectors of an economy and how?



Rajiv Gandhi National University of Law, Punjab
(Accredited with 'A' Grade by NAAC)

Open Book Online End Term Examination – May, 2022
B.A. LL.B. (Hons.) FYIC
Semester – 2nd

Subject – Sociological Theories and Perspective (Major-2)

Time – 1 ½ Hour

Maximum Marks – 40

Part - A

Attempt all question of this Part. Each question carries 5 marks.

1. How would you see Indian society against the background of 'Law of Three Stages', as propounded by August Comte?
2. How does Emile Durkheim explain the concept of Collective Representation? Also explain how did he related this concept with the types of Law existing in different societies?

Part – B

Attempt any two questions. Each question carries 15 marks.

3. In 1937, Harvard sociologist Talcot Parsons asked, "Who now reads Spencer"? Eighty five years have passed but Spencer is still remembered. Why?
4. Durkheim's Theory of Suicide is the strongest philosophical orientation on 'Suicide' as a theme. Discuss with illustrations, what makes this theory so applicable in all forms of societies?
5. 'The history of all hitherto societies is the history of class struggle'. Explain this view given by Karl Marx with examples suitable on the contemporary socio-economic structures.
6. Merton's Theory on Functionalism is a distinct and a unique piece of knowledge. Why?



Rajiv Gandhi National University of Law, Punjab
(Accredited with 'A' Grade by NAAC)

Open Book Online End Term Examination – May, 2022
B.A. LL.B. (Hons.) FYIC
Semester – 2nd

Subject – Social Stratification and Social Differentiation
(Minor)

Time – 1 ½ Hours

Maximum Marks – 40

Part - A

Attempt all questions of this Part. Each question carries 5 marks.

1. Conceptualize the word Dichotomy in the study of Rural-Urban Society.
2. Contrary to general belief, maximum migration in India is from rural to rural. Why?

Part – B

Attempt any two questions. Each question carries 15 marks.

3. Society is dynamic and so are all its institutions. Explain this in the context of Caste system in India.
4. M.N. Srinivas and Yogendra Singh have different views on Sanskritization, Westernization and Modernization. Who according to you is more relevant?
5. How does the male selective out-migration in rural areas puts extra pressure on women? Does this in any way affect the status of women?
6. Social stratification in Indian society manifests itself in not one, not two, but a variety of ways. Considering yourself a functionalist, make out a case for stratification in Indian society.



Rajiv Gandhi National University of Law, Punjab
(Accredited with 'A' Grade by NAAC)

Open Book Online End Term Examination – May, 2022
B.A. LL.B. (Hons.) FYIC
Semester - II

Subject – Western Political Thought (Major-II)

Time – 1 ½ Hours

Maximum Marks – 40

Part - A

Attempt all question of this Part. Each question carries 5 marks.

1. Briefly explain the concept of original sin and its impact on Augustine's concept of the heavenly city. (2+3)
2. Rawls' theory of justice consists of two principles. Nevertheless, if you observe carefully, there are more.
 - 'Each person is to have an equal right to the most extensive total system of equal basic liberties compatible with a similar system of liberty for all'.
 - 'Social and economic inequalities are to be arranged so that they are both: to the greatest benefit of the least advantaged, consistent with the just savings principle, and attached to offices and positions open to all under conditions of fair equality of opportunity.'

Identify four principles of justice from this statement. (2)

Briefly comment on how these principles ensure fairness for all people. (3)

Part – B

Attempt any two questions. Each question carries 15 marks.

3. Compare and contrast Plato's theory of forms with Aristotle's theory of causation. (5+5)
Which theory, according to you, comes closer to your conception of reality? Briefly explain. (1+4)
4. Machiavelli is primarily known for the politics of 'the end justifies the means'. Critically analyse Machiavelli's theory of statecraft establishing the reality of 'the end justifies the means'. (10)
How do you think Machiavellianism contributes to current politics? (5)



Rajiv Gandhi National University of Law, Punjab
(Accredited with 'A' Grade by NAAC)

Open Book Online End Term Examination – May, 2022
B.A. LL.B. (Hons.) FYIC
Semester - II

Subject – Western Political Thought (Major-II)

Time – 1 ½ Hours

Maximum Marks – 40

5. For Bentham, utilitarianism was both a descriptive and normative theory. Was it the same for J.S. Mill? Discuss. (5)

According to Mill, 'He who lets the world, or his own portion of it, choose his plan of life for him, has no need of any other faculty than the ape-like one of imitation. He who chooses his plan for himself, employs all his faculties. He must use observation to see, discrimination to decide, and when he has firmness and self-control, to hold to his deliberate decision.' Why was it so important for Mill to protect the liberty of individuals, including that of women, when feminism was in its nascent stage? (5)

Can Mill be termed as a supporter of negative liberty? Substantiate with valid arguments and examples. (2.5+2.5)

6. 'To sum up: politically speaking, it is insufficient to say that power and violence are not the same. Power and violence are opposites; where the one rules absolutely, the other is absent. Violence appears where power is in jeopardy, but left to its own course it ends in power's disappearance. This implies that it is not correct to think of the opposite of violence as nonviolence; to speak of nonviolent power is actually redundant. Violence can destroy power; it is utterly incapable of creating it.' How significant is this distinction between power and violence argued for by Hannah Arendt? Critically analyse. (10)

How useful are Arendt's views to understand the contemporary trends towards violence? Explain with examples from interpersonal as well as international relations. (2.5+2.5)



Rajiv Gandhi National University of Law, Punjab
(Accredited with 'A' Grade by NAAC)

Open Book Online End Term Examination – May, 2022
B.A. LL.B. (Hons.) FYIC
Semester – 2nd

Subject – Western Political Thought (Minor)

Time – 1 ½ Hours

Maximum Marks – 40

Part - A

Attempt all questions of this Part. Each question carries 5 marks.

- 1.i) Briefly explain the Trinitarian Nature of God on the basis of the Nicene Creed. (3 marks)
- ii) Briefly comment on whether the concept of Trinity is compatible with monotheism. (2 marks)
- 2.i) Briefly explain the instrumentalist theory of state using examples from revolutionary movements in Western Europe and Russia. (1.5+1.5 marks)
- ii) How is it different from the relative autonomy theory as applied to post-colonial India? (2 marks)

Part – B

Attempt any two questions. Each question carries 15 marks.

- 3.i) George Sabine states, 'Aristotle's best practicable state is Plato's second best state'. To what extent, do you agree with this statement? Critically analyse. (5 marks)
- ii) How does the ideal state, according to Plato, degenerate into other types of states and what is the method of restoring it? (2.5+2.5 marks)
- iii) What is the role of family, property and slavery in Plato's ideal state and Aristotle's best practicable state? (2.5+2.5 marks)
- 4.i) How did Aquinas harmonise Greek philosophy and Biblical text in his classification of law? Elaborate. (5 marks)
- ii) In what way does Machiavelli depart from medieval scholasticism, establishing modern political thought? Elaborate. (5 marks)
- iii) Compare the best forms of government advocated by Aquinas and Machiavelli using examples from contemporary governments. (5 marks)



Rajiv Gandhi National University of Law, Punjab
(Accredited with 'A' Grade by NAAC)

Open Book Online End Term Examination – May, 2022
B.A. LL.B. (Hons.) FYIC
Semester – 2nd

Subject – Western Political Thought (Minor)

Time – 1 ½ Hours

Maximum Marks – 40

- 5.i) What are the laws and conditions that govern the Hobbesian state of nature, leading him to conclude, 'the life of man is solitary, poor, nasty, brutish, and short'? (5 marks)
- ii) What is the locus of sovereignty in the Hobbesian state of nature and how is it transferred by a social contract? (1+1 marks)
- iii) How do you estimate Hobbes' views on the state of nature in comparison with Locke's and Rousseau's? (4+4 marks)
- 6.i) Amartya Sen in his *The Idea of Justice* says, 'Three children— Anne, Bob and Carla — are quarrelling over a flute: Anne claims the flute on the ground as she is the only one of the three who knows how to play it; Bob demands it on the basis that he is so poor that — unlike others — he has no other toys to play with and it would therefore mean a lot to him if the flute were given to him; and Carla says that it belongs to her because she has made it with her own labour. The important thing to note here is that none of the claimants questions rival's argument but claims that his or hers is the most persuasive. So, who deserves the flute? Should it go to the child for whom it represents the only source of entertainment as he has no other toys to play with? Or to the one who can actually make practical use of it; or to the child to whom it must belong by virtue of her "right" to the fruits of her labour?'
- ii) Critically analyse this story in the context of Rawls' distributive theory of justice and Nozick's entitlement theory of justice. (5+5 marks)
- iii) Give your explanation on who deserves to keep the flute. (5 marks)
