

Roll no. _____

RG/ET/03/12/22

RAJIV GANDHI NATIONAL UNIVERSITY OF LAW, PUNJAB



**B.A.LL.B. (HONS.) FYIC
FIRST SEMESTER
END TERM EXAMINATION
DECEMBER 2022
PAPER - I: ENGLISH - I
TIME DURATION: THREE HOURS
MAXIMUM MARKS: EIGHTY (80)**

Note: Section-A is compulsory and each part carries 5 marks. Attempt one question each from Section B,C, D & E and each question carries 15 marks.

Section - A

1. Write short note on:

a. Punctuate the following:

- i) Your cat is an exceptional animal he said.
- ii) They played at 10:00pm the campers were too rowdy to go to sleep.
- iii) The best football team was from indore madhya Pradesh.
- iv) I threw the filthy stinky wet shoes aside.
- v) Scott asked me to go to the dance with him she exclaimed.

b. Define Register. Is it different from Jargon? If yes, explain how.

c. Reference to Context:

'I almost love you

but would have cast, I know

The stones of silence.

I am the artful voveur'

Contd.....P.2

- d. Why, for Foucault, is such a lengthy discussion of the Body necessary?

Section - B

2. a) Write a paragraph on any one of the following

- i. Children should be paid for the chores they complete for their parents.
- ii. Being human in an age of Artificial Intelligence.
- iii. What animals can teach people. (10 Marks)

- b) Change the voice

- i. Was your car fixed by the mechanic?
- ii. She has to pass the test.
- iii. I was playing football yesterday.
- iv. The meeting is scheduled to start at seven.
- v. Did no one help you? (05 Marks)

3. a) Write a letter to Editor on neglect of public parks in your city.

(10 Marks)

- b) Use appropriate form of verb:

- i. It _____ since morning (Rain)
- ii. Who _____ so much noise in the next room (make)
- iii. By 1960 most of Britain's old colonies _____ independent. (become)
- iv. I _____ for ages when finally the bus arrived (wait)
- v. As soon as they _____ we had dinner. (arrive) (05 Marks)

Section - C

4. a) Name the lexical relationship expressed in the following sentences

- i) I am allergic to nuts. These are walnuts in the cookies.
- ii) George is a pig.

iii) In walked the corpse.

iv) The pen is mightier than sword.

v) The law is the law.

(05 Marks)

b) Determine whether the following are cases of homophony or polysemy

I. Fine- (1) 'Superior in the quality'

(2) 'a sum of money paid as a penalty'

II. Bank- (1) 'an incline of land adjoining a river'

(2) 'a financial institution'

III. Monitor- (1) 'a pupil who assists a teacher'

(2) 'a device that receives video signals from computer'

IV. Tattoo- (1) 'a permanent design on the skin'

(2) 'a military exercise'

V. School- (1) 'an institution for instruction'

(2) 'a large group of fish'

(05 Marks)

c) Consider the meaning of the word 'hero'. Then consider the meaning of the word in contemporary usage (magazines, new papers and casual communication). Does the dictionary meaning reflect the current meaning or would you say that the meaning has changed? (05 Marks)

Note: Dictionary meaning of Hero:

1. a mythological or legendary figure of great strength and ability,

2. an illustrious warrior,

3. a person advised for achievements

4. one who shows great courage.

5. a) Circle the deictic expressions

i) I saw you standing there.

ii) Yesterday, all my troubles seemed so far away

iii) Once you are inside, the treasure will be found on your right.

iv) The declaration of Independence was signed last year.

v) She was born in taxi.

(05 Marks)

b) In the following sentences is the speaker appealing to positive or negative face.

Contd.....P.4

- i) I wonder whether I could just sort of ask you a little question.
 - ii) Could I talk to you for just a minute?
 - iii) I am feeling really hungry. Let's stop for a bite.
 - iv) Well, in a way, I suppose you are sort of right. But look at it like this. Why don't you...
 - v) If you had a little time to spare for me this afternoon, I'd like to talk about my paper. (05 Marks)
- c) In the study of discourse what are
- Schemes and Scripts
 - Gricean Maxims
 - Cohesion and Coherence (05 Marks)

Section - D

6. Both 'The Hanging Judge' and 'Punishment' reconstruct a moment in history to re-evaluate the ideas that govern our world. Do you agree or disagree. Why?
7. Gunn's 'Legal Reform' constructs elaborate legal metaphor to convey essential vision of law. Do you agree or disagree. Why?

Section - E

8. 'There is more that one kind of freedom, said Aunt Lydia. Freedom to and freedom from. In the days of anarchy, it was freedom from'. Examine the quality of life for women in the light of Aunt Lydia's statement, illustrating the methods used to 'protect women' in Atwood's *The Handmaid's Tale*.
9. Foucault offers that Punishment is not just a way of repressing crime or even subjugating a particular class of citizens. It's a complex social function that changes the way 'crime' and 'criminals' are viewed. Explain in context of Foucault's 'The Body of the Condemned.'

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RAJIV GANDHI NATIONAL UNIVERSITY OF LAW, PUNJAB



**B.A.LL.B. (HONS.) FYIC
FIRST SEMESTER
END TERM EXAMINATION
DECEMBER -2022
PAPER - I: MICROECONOMICS (MAJOR - I)
(RE-APPEAR CANDIDATES)
TIME DURATION: THREE HOURS
MAXIMUM MARKS: EIGHTY (80)**

Note: Section-A is compulsory and each part carries 5 marks. Attempt one question each from Section B,C, D & E and each question carries 15 marks.

Section - A

1. Write short note on:

- a. Examine the relationship between price elasticity of demand for goods and total outlay incurred on it. Why is this relationship of great significance to the seller?
- b. Explain the concept of economies and diseconomies of scale with examples. How do economies and diseconomies of scale determine the shape of the long-run average cost curve?
- c. "The main aim of the monopolist is to sell in such a manner that he may get maximum monopoly profit." Discuss.
- d. Discuss the concept of liquidity trap with the help of a diagram.

Section - B

2. 'Demand' is a word of common usage. Discuss the meaning of demand in economics. How is demand different from 'desire' and 'want'? Why do demand curves for most of the goods slope downward to the right?
3. "An indifference curve depicts the points of equally desirable consumption bundles." In light of the statement, discuss the conditions for a consumer's equilibrium under the ordinal utility approach.

Section - C

4. Suppose a firm is operating under the laws of variable proportions. Explain graphically the three stages of production for the firm. Does this law practically apply to all the sectors of an economy?
5. What is meant by marginal rate of technical substitution? Under what conditions does MRTS diminish along an isoquant? What is the rate of change in MRTS when two inputs are perfect substitutes?

Section - D

6. Explain Marshall's three-period analysis on pricing of products in a perfectly competitive market. Illustrate with the help of diagrams.
7. "The extent of oligopolistic uncertainty is highly variable from case to case. As such, the average revenue curve of the oligopolistic firm cannot be definite." In light of the statement, explain graphically Sweezy's model of oligopoly.

Section - E

8. Distinguish between marginal revenue productivity and value of marginal product of a factor. How are the concepts of revenue productivity and factor costs applied to factor-price determination under perfect competition? Illustrate with the help of diagrams.
 9. How is land as a factor of production different from other factors? How does this difference matter in the determination of rent? After answering to the given questions, discuss the application of Ricardian theory of rent to intensive and extensive cultivation.
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RAJIV GANDHI NATIONAL UNIVERSITY OF LAW, PUNJAB



**B.A.LL.B. (HONS.) FYIC
FIRST SEMESTER
END TERM EXAMINATION
DECEMBER -2022
PAPER -II HISTORY - I
TIME DURATION: THREE HOURS
MAXIMUM MARKS: EIGHTY (80)**

Note: Section-A is compulsory and each part carries 5 marks. Attempt one question each from Section B,C, D & E and each question carries 15 marks.

Section - A

1. Write short note on:

- a. Relevance of Annalles School in Contemporary Times.
- b. Example of Circumstantial Evidence in the trial of cases in Ancient India.
- c. Anglicist Orientalist Controversy.
- d. Significance of Morley Minto reforms in the Constitutional History of India

Section - B

2. Critically examine the relationship of History with Political Science and Economics.
3. What do you understand by Historical Objectivity? Discuss the parameters to attain the kind of Objectivity in History.

Section - C

4. "If law under Kautilya was harsh in the case of law breakers, it was equally uncompromising in the case of those who administered it". In the light of this statement discuss the role played by Judges during Ancient India.
5. Critically examine the salient features of the Islamic Criminal Law existing in India during the Medieval period?

Section - D

6. Drain Theory has been found to be the root cause of the economic impoverishment of India under the British. Discuss.
7. The Revolt of 1857 was a cumulative effect of the character and policies of the colonial rule in India. Examine.

Section - E

8. "The system of Dyarchy was full of defects but it made the masses conscious of the blessings of the self-government." Critically Analyse the working of the system introduced at the provincial level under the Government of India Act 1919 in the light of this statement.
9. "Provincial Autonomy was mere farce and far from leading reality". Examine.

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**B.A.L.L.B. (HONS.) FYIC
FIRST SEMESTER
END TERM EXAMINATION
DECEMBER - 2022
PAPER - III: POLITICAL SCIENCE-I
TIME DURATION: THREE HOURS
MAXIMUM MARKS: EIGHTY (80)**

Note: Section-A is compulsory and each part carries 5 marks. Attempt one question each from Section B,C, D & E and each question carries 15 marks.

Section - A

1. Write short note on:

- a. Critically analyse the importance of 'The Prince' as a classic text. Why do you think it is read even today, when there are countless other advice books available in the mirror-for-princes literature?
- b. 'The state is an association not merely for living but for living a good life.' (Aristotle). Analyse.
- c. Explain the creation of state on the basis of divine origin theory.
- d. 'The most important part of education is right training in the nursery.' (Plato). Explain.

Contd.....P.2

Section - B

2. Elucidate the intellectual foundations of behaviouralism with special reference to the eight tenets given by David Easton.
3. The adherence to 'pure science' was responsible for the failure of political science to address the social and political issues of the Behavioural period. What led to the signalling of a new revolution in Political Science? What were the tenets of this new-revolution?

Section - C

4. Prior to reason, man was characterized by the two sentiments of self-love and pity for other sentient beings. These pure emotions are corrupted in society. Society, characterized by inequality, becomes responsible not only for the corruption of human beings, but also for the lack of liberty in their lives. (Rousseau).
 - a. In the light of the above statement, analyse his concept of state of nature.
 - b. Why is Rousseau often associated with the slogan 'Back to Nature'?
5. As per Hobbesian Social Contract: 'A Commonwealth is said to be Instituted, when a Multitude of men do Agree, and Covenant, every one, with every one, that to whatsoever Man, or Assembly of Men, shall be given by the major part, the Right to Present the Person of them all, (that is to say, to be their Representative); every one, as well he that Voted for it, as he that Voted against it, shall Authorise all the Actions and Judgements, of that Man, or Assembly of men, in the same manner, as if they were his own, to the end, to live peaceably amongst themselves, and be protected against other men.'
 - a) Explain the creation of state through Hobbessian Social Contract.
 - b) Why is the Commonwealth referred to as 'mortal God' or 'Leviathan'?

Section - D

- 6.a) 'The individual, with his identity and characteristics, is the product of a relation of power exercised over bodies, multiplicities, movements, desires, forces.' (Foucault). In the light of the above statement, analyse Foucault's concept of Power. Support your answer with suitable examples.
- b) Compare and contrast Hannah Arendt's concept of Power with that of Foucault's.
- 7.a) Each person possesses an inviolability founded on justice that even the welfare of society as a whole cannot override. "For this reason, justice denies that the loss of freedom for some is made right by a greater good shared by others." (John Rawls). Why do you think Rawls criticise the utilitarian theory of Justice?
- b) Critically analyse the two principles of justice given by John Rawls with special reference to original position and veil of ignorance. Why, in general, would the parties in the Original Position choose these two principles of justice?

Section-E

8. 'To do one's own business and not to be a busybody is justice.' Justice 'is this principle of everyone doing his own task'. Justice is when 'no one shall have what belongs to others or be deprived of his own'. It is 'the having and doing of one's own and what belongs to oneself.' (Plato).
- a. Critically analyse Plato's theory of Justice in the light of the above statement.
- b. Comment if Plato can be called as a utopian thinker.
9. 'An immediate consequence of man's estrangement from the product of his labour, his life activity, his species being, is the estrangement of man from man.'
- a) Critically analyse Marx's theory of alienation in the light of the above statement.
- b) Comment if Marx's theory of alienation holds any relevance in the contemporary times.
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RAJIV GANDHI NATIONAL UNIVERSITY OF LAW, PUNJAB



**B.A.LL.B. (HONS.) FYIC
FIRST SEMESTER
END TERM EXAMINATION
DECEMBER - 2022
PAPER: POLITICAL THEORY:
AN INTRODUCTION
(RE-APPEAR CANDIDATES)
TIME DURATION: THREE HOURS
MAXIMUM MARKS: EIGHTY (80)**

Note: Section-A is **compulsory** and each part carries **5 marks**. Attempt **one question** each from Section B,C, D & E and each question carries **15 marks**.

Section - A

1. **Write short note on:**
 - a. 'Rights and duties are integrally connected'. Analyse.
 - b. Briefly analyse the concept of Libertarianism.
 - c. Critically examine the relationship between State and Civil Society.
 - d. Briefly explain the political views of Feminist Scholars.

Contd.....P.2

Section - B

2. Behaviouralism stood for a shift of focus in the study of Politics, from formalism and normative orientations of legalistic and philosophical schools to political behavior, that is the behavior of the actual actors in the political field. In the light of the above statement, critically analyse the behavioural approach to the study of political science with reference to the eight tenets given by David Easton.
3. Identify the major contours of Political Theory in the era of Globalisation.

Section - C

4. For Rousseau, sovereignty is retained by the people themselves in their corporate capacity, represented by the General Will, while their actual will is subordinated to their real will. Analyse Rousseau's theory of Sovereignty in the light of the above statement. Why does man realise his freedom by submitting his particular will to the direction of General Will?
5. 'I authorise and give up my Right of Governing myself, to this Man, or to this Assembly of men, on this condition, that you give up your Right to him, and Authorise all his Actions in like manner. This done, the Multitude so united in one Person, is called a Commonwealth, in Latin Civitas.'
(Hobbes)
 - a. Briefly analyse the Social Contract of Thomas Hobbes and how it creates an absolute sovereign?
 - b. For Skinner, it is with Hobbes that a new discourse of the state enters political thought. Comment.

Section - D

6. For Gramsci, civil society corresponds to hegemony, while political society or "State" - in what Gramsci will call the "narrow sense" - corresponds to 'direct domination' or command." Critically examine Gramsci's concept of Hegemony. Discuss its current relevance.
7. Define power. Critically examine the three dimensions of Power as given by Steven Lukes. Bring out the importance of the same in Policy process.

Section-E

- 8.a) The exponents of *Laissez-faire* individualism saw society as an aggregate of atomised, alienated individuals, joined by a bond of mechanical unity. In the light of the above statement, analyse the role of state as a necessary evil.
- b) Examine the contemporary debates on Welfare state. Is there a difference between freebies and welfare schemes? Give some relevant examples.
9. "Rights, in fact, are those conditions of social life without which no man can seek, in general, to be himself at his best. Since the State exists to make possible that achievement, it is only by maintaining rights that its end may be secured." (Laski) In the light of the above statement,
- a) Briefly analyse Laski's views on Rights and why does he prioritise economic rights over Political Rights.
- b) How are Rights and Duties associated with each other? Which according to you holds primacy in a State?
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**B.A.LL.B. (HONS.) FYIC
FIRST SEMESTER
END TERM EXAMINATION
DECEMBER - 2022
PAPER - FUNDAMENTAL ECONOMICS
(MINOR)
(RE-APPEAR CANDIDATES)
TIME DURATION: THREE HOURS
MAXIMUM MARKS: EIGHTY (80)**

Note: Section-A is compulsory and each part carries 5 marks. Attempt one question each from Section B,C, D & E and each question carries 15 marks.

Section - A

1. Write short note on:

- a. "The economic problem, essentially, is not that of adjusting ends to scarce means, but that of expanding and developing the means to meet the various growing and changing ends." Discuss and show how Robbins has visualized the economic problem and has taken a static view of a dynamic problem.
- b. How is the firm's demand curve affected by the degree of competition existing in its industry? Give arguments in support of your answer.
- c. "Supply creates its own demand." Do you agree with this statement? Give reasons in support of your answer.

Contd.....P.2

- d. "A major factor that complicates the task of defining money is the increasing number of money substitutes in the form of asset that can be converted into spendable money with different degrees of convertibility." Comment.

Section - B

2. "As a consumer has more and more of good X, he is prepared to give up less and less of good Y." In light of the statement, explain consumer's equilibrium with the help of a suitable approach.
3. "Once the optimum proportion between the indivisible and variable factor is disturbed, marginal returns to the variable factor diminishes." In light of the statement, discuss the conditions and reasons behind this diminishing behavior of the marginal product.

Section - C

4. "Where there is any degree of differentiation, each seller has an absolute monopoly of his own product, but is subject to the competition of more or less imperfect substitutes." In light of the statement, discuss the price and output determination in the short run and long run under the market form mentioned in the statement.
5. "Interest is purely a monetary phenomenon." In light of the statement, critically discuss the liquidity preference theory of interest.

Section - D

6. "By means of statistics of national income, we can chart the movements of a country from depression to prosperity, its steady long-term rate of growth and development, and finally, its material standard of living in comparison with other nations." In view of this statement, discuss various concepts of national income. What are the challenges faced in the calculation of national income?
7. "The analysis of General Theory conferred a new significance and new respectability on public investment policy. The employment cannot expand unless investment expands." Critically discuss the suitable theory of employment in light of the given statement.

Section - E

8. "Techniques of monetary control used by central bank are complementary rather than competitive." In light of the statement, explain the transmission mechanism of monetary policy. How does a change in money supply changes the levels of income and prices?

 9. Discuss the instruments of fiscal policy that helps in achieving economic growth and stabilization. Do the policy measures for growth and stability conflict with one another? Give arguments in support of your answer.
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RAJIV GANDHI NATIONAL UNIVERSITY OF LAW, PUNJAB



**B.A.LL.B. (HONS.) FYIC
FIRST SEMESTER
END TERM EXAMINATION
DECEMBER -2022
PAPER - IV: SOCIOLOGY-I
TIME DURATION: THREE HOURS
MAXIMUM MARKS: EIGHTY (80)**

Note: Section-A is compulsory and each part carries 5 marks. Attempt one question each from Section B,C, D & E and each question carries 15 marks.

Section - A

1. Write short note on:

- a. Conceptualise the term 'science' with examples.
- b. Discuss the concept of horizontal division of society.
- c. Identify the diverse forms of family configuration and the similarities and differences among them.
- d. Outline and briefly evaluate the view that individuals learn society's norms through the process of socialization.

Contd.....P.2

Section - B

2. There is confusion in context of sociology being a science. What are your views on this? Explain with examples.
3. *Discuss how sociology as a social science works in coordination with other social sciences for understanding of the social structure.

Section - C

4. Conceptualise social mobility in the light of social stratification.
5. How do you see modernization, globalization and westernization as three crucial components of social change.

Section - D

6. Explain traditional and contemporary views on caste and religion and the cultural variations associated with it.
7. What is the role of institutions in society? Do they perform positive functions, or simply work in the interest of the powerful and against the powerless?

Section - E

8. What is the difference between formal and informal social control? Describe how the several mechanisms of modern formal social control can disrupt the healthy development of youth?
 9. Development can lead to new ways for previously exploited groups to improve their situation. It can also cause powerful groups to feel threatened by changes and lead them to assert what are traditional attitudes and practices. Keeping in mind the above statement, analyse ways in which development can effect gender inequalities?
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RAJIV GANDHI NATIONAL UNIVERSITY OF LAW, PUNJAB



**B.A.LL.B. (HONS.) FYIC
FIRST SEMESTER
END TERM EXAMINATION
DECEMBER -2022
PAPER - SOCIOLOGY (MAJOR-1)
(FOR RE-APPEAR CANDIDATES)
TIME DURATION: THREE HOURS
MAXIMUM MARKS: EIGHTY (80)**

Note: Section-A is compulsory and each part carries 5 marks. Attempt one question each from Section B,C, D & E and each question carries 15 marks.

Section - A

1. Write short note on:

- a. 'Anthropology and Sociology have a lot in common, as far as their respective Scope and Nature are concerned'. Comment.
- b. 'Belongingness and We-feeling' act as predeterminant factors to understand the concepts of In-group and Out-group. Discuss.
- c. How do Social Institutions dominate human life and actions? Elaborate.
- d. How are Social Control and Socialization interconnected?

Section - B

2. How does Sociology contribute in understanding and explaining human society and its various features and composites?
3. Comment on the 'Nature of Sociology'. What features of the Sociology make it 'Science'?

Section - C

4. Discuss different Types of Social Groups with relevant examples.
5. How can 'Community'; 'Association'; and 'Institution' be differentiated? Elaborate.

Section - D

6. How does Kinship act as a strong means of Socialization and Social Control?
7. What changes have occurred in Family as a Social Institution in contemporary India? Elaborate

Section - E

8. Discuss the socio-economic factors which contribute to Social Change. Give Illustrations.
 9. Critically discuss Mead's and Cooley's Theories of Development of Self forming important part of Socialization.
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RAJIV GANDHI NATIONAL UNIVERSITY OF LAW, PUNJAB



**B.A.LL.B. (HONS.) FYIC
FIRST SEMESTER
END TERM EXAMINATION
DECEMBER -2022
PAPER -VI LEGAL METHODS
TIME DURATION: THREE HOURS
MAXIMUM MARKS: EIGHTY (80)**

Note: Section-A is compulsory and each part carries 5 marks. Attempt one question each from Section B, C, D & E and each question carries 15 marks.

Section - A

1. Write short note on:

- a. A research is not complete without the hypothesis of the genuine study undertaken by the researcher being rendered verified. Comment upon this statement by assessing the role and relevance of hypothesis.
- b. How far the Textbooks and Reports contribute as the reliable source of study of law in today's contemporary world of virtual sources of knowledge?
- c. Dissent has proved to be the trigger for pathbreaking rules being established through judgments in India. Comment upon the statement in brief.
- d. Discuss the changing paradigms of nature and scope of law in light of International developments taking place in our society.

Section - B

2. Law is not just an agency of the State to dictate Power. We need law as an obligation to the various functions and roles that it plays in regulating our society. Highlight these functions along with the relevant examples to substantiate this statement.
3. Weave the details of development of law and order from the origins of Roman law to the powerful roles played by the lawmakers today. Can it be rightly quoted that the imprints of common law are still engraved in our legal systems today?

Section - C

4. Briefly analyse the role that digital libraries play today in the life of a researcher. Are these libraries becoming a bane for the young researchers? Cite relevant arguments.
5. Statutes and case-laws have seen the test of the time in being established as the most authentic source of study of law. They have not only served as the law making tools but also the weapons to threaten the Government's arbitrary rules. Elaborate the statements with the help of examples.

Section - D

6. The interpretative tools of knowing and interpreting a statute not only enables the improved functionality of a statute but also contributes in better judgements being pronounced. Discuss the scope of this projection of interpretation of statutes.
7. A Judgment is collectively applicable as one conclusive document despite being divided into various parts. Analyse if all the parts of a judgment are important as a whole or the ratio of a judgment is more important than other parts?

Section - E

8. Draw a research design for a student who wishes to undertake constitutional law study of minority rights of a cultural group. What elements would you as a researcher constitute in the research design to create maximum output from the research.
9. Detail out the elements and scope of a valid research. Which type of research has an important scope in the socio-legal arena?

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RAJIV GANDHI NATIONAL UNIVERSITY OF LAW, PUNJAB



**B.A.LL.B. (HONS.) FYIC
FIRST SEMESTER
END TERM EXAMINATION
DECEMBER - 2022
PAPER-V: LAW OF CONTRACT - I
TIME DURATION: THREE HOURS
MAXIMUM MARKS: EIGHTY (80)**

Note: Section-A is compulsory and each part carries 5 marks. Attempt one question each from Section B,C, D & E and each question carries 15 marks.

Section - A

1. Write short note on:

- a. A makes a proposal to B to purchase his android mobile for Rs. 10,000/- and he also mentioned that if he hears no reply from 'B' in a week, it would be assumed that B had accepted the proposal. Decide the validity of the agreement.
- b. A husband agreed to pay to his wife certain amount as maintenance every month while he was abroad. The Husband failed to pay the promised amount. The wife sues him for the recovery of the amount. Decide as per the Indian Contract Act, 1872 whether the suit by wife is maintainable or not?
- c. A coolie in uniform picks up the luggage of R to be carried out of the railway station without being asked by R and R allows him to do so. Examine whether the coolie is entitled to receive money from R?
- d. A sells a field to B. There is a right of passage over the field of which A has direct personal knowledge but he conceals this fact from B when asked. Can B get the contract rescinded under the Specific Relief Act?

Contd.....P.2

Section - B

- 2.a) Mr. M agrees to write a book with a publisher. After a few days, Mr. M dies in an accident. Decide the future of the agreement.
- b) A makes a proposal to B by post to sell his house for 50 lakhs and the letter containing the offer is posted on 10th March and that letter reaches B on 12th March but he reads it on 15th of March. On which date the offer is said to be communicated. Explain with relevant case law.
3. Mr. Raju, a 17-year-old boy and his three younger siblings have been orphaned. He, being eldest in the family, entered into the following agreements:
- a) Oral agreement with Mr. Tarun for supply of groceries for the family.
 - b) Agreement with M/s Happy Holiday Pvt. Ltd. for funding his travel expenses for a trip to Greece.
 - c) Mortgage agreement between him and Mr. Pradeep for a loan of Rs. 10 lakhs, the mortgaged property being a farmhouse that belongs to the family.
- Examine the validity of these agreements and the extent of liability of Mr. Raju in each of these agreements. Cite relevant cases.

Section - C

- 4.a) A, intending to deceive B, falsely represents that 500 mounds of indigo are made annually at A's factory, and thereby induces B to buy the factory. What is the validity of the contract?
- b) A by a misrepresentation leads B to believe erroneously that 750 tons of sugar is produced per annum at the factory of A. B examines the accounts of the factory, which should have disclosed, if ordinary diligence had been exercised by B, that only 500 tons had been produced. Thereafter B purchases the factory. Discuss the validity of contract.
- c) A offer to sell his Ambassador car to B, who believes that A has only Fiat Car, agrees to buy the car. Decide the validity of the contract.
- 5.a) B promises to pay a sum of Rs. 1,00,000/- to A if A is able to swim across the Indian Ocean from Mumbai to Aden within a week. Discuss the validity of the agreement.
- b) A promise to make a dead man alive with magic. Many people claimed that he have seen him making dead people alive. Satish believing this

statement promised to give away all his property to A through gift deed on 25th December, 2021, as he is a messenger of God. Later on, Satish denied. Can A sue Satish for refusal to perform his part of contract? Decide the validity of the contract.

- c) A believed that the engine of his motor cycle to be in an excellent condition. A without the Motor cycle being checked in a workshop, told B that the motor cycle was in an excellent condition. On this statement, B bought the motor cycle, whose engine proved to be defective. State the nature of the statement given by A.

Section - D

- 6.a) A fruit parcel is delivered under a mistake to R who consumes the fruits thinking them as a birthday present. State the remedy available to the true owner.
- b) Pritan pays Rs. 10,000 to Shyam, in consideration of Shyam's promising to marry Lovely, who is Pritam's daughter. Unfortunately, Lovely is dead at the time of making the promise. What is the fate of the contract and can Pritam recover Rs. 10,000 from Shyam?
- 7.a) The landlord is the owner of the shop running a sophisticated cosmetic hair dressing Saloon in Delhi. He gives on rent the said shop with the said business along with all tools, machinery, plants, fans, air-conditioners, telephone, furniture and other equipment to a tenant with the stipulation that the tenant shall do the said business only under the said particular name and style. Is this agreement of lease hit by Section 27 of the Indian Contract Act? Decide.
- b) 'A' contracted with 'B' a sugar mill owner to sell his sugarcane crop to 'B' by a fixed day for specified price. 'A' failed to deliver his sugarcane crop to 'B' at the time specified. As a consequence, 'B' was forced to procure the same from another grower 'X' at the higher price than what would have been paid to 'A'. He was even prevented from honouring his contract with 'C' which he had made at the time of his contract with 'A' but had not communicated the same to 'A'. 'B' was compelled to compensate 'C'. B filed a suit against 'A' to recover damages for breach of contract. He claimed the difference between the contract price and the price paid by him to 'X', as well as the compensation paid by him to 'C'. Decide citing the relevant case laws.