

B.A., LL.B. (HONS.) FYIC DECEMBER - 2009 THIRD SEMESTER SUBJECT: ECONOMICS - I TIME DURATION: THREE HOURS MAXIMUM MARKS: EIGHTY (80)

Note: The Question Paper consists of Three Sections - A, B and C.

Section (A)

- (1) Attempt **All Questions** from this Section. Each question carries **2.5** marks.
 - (i) Define 'Production Function'
 - (ii) Concept of Revealed Preference
 - (iii) Differentiate between 'Perfect Competition' and 'Monopolistic Competition'
 - (iv) Differentiate between fixed and variable costs
 - (v) Differentiate between pure or net interest and gross interest
 - (vi) Mention criteria of social welfare

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- (vii) Differentiate between money and near money
- (viii) Differentiate between GNP, GDP and NNP
- (ix) Define functional finance
- (x) Role of 'Private Sector'

(2) Attempt **One Question** from each **Unit** of this Section. Each Question carries **6 Marks.**

Unit (I)

- (i) The application of the principle of substitution extends over almost every field of economic enquiry.
- (ii) Explain how the demand for commodity is effected by
 - (a) Change in the price of other commodity
 - (b) Change in the income of the consumer

Unit (II)

- (i) What are the selling costs? How do they influence the equilibrium of a firm under conditions of monopolistic competition.
- (ii) How does monopoly fix the price of his product?

Unit (III)

- (i) Explain Uncertainty bearing theory of profit.
- (ii) Explain modern theory of rent.

Unit (IV)

- (i) Explain high powered money.
- (ii) Explain classical theory of employment.

Unit (V)

- (i) Discuss features of new industrial policy.
- (ii) Explain the indicators of human resource development.

- (3) Attempt any **Two Questions** from this section. Each question carries **12.5 marks.**
 - (i) Critically explain law of variable proportions along with applications.
 - (ii) Explain price discrimination.
 - (iii) Discuss 'Pareto Optimality' criteria under Perfect Competition
 - (iv) How far devaluation has helped in solving balance of payment problem of India?

- (ii)(a) Who is eligible to be appointed as a judge of family Court? Can all the judges of the Family Court be women?
 - (b) How the decree or the order of Family court can be executed?
 - (c) Whether Family Court has jurisdiction to entertain suit or proceeding for a declaration as to legitimacy of any person.

- (3) Attempt any **Two Questions** from this section. Each question carries **12.5 marks.**
 - (i) (a) Discuss the validity of a child marriage under the Prohibition of the *Child Marriage Act*, 2006.
 - (b) What is the importance of registering a marriage under the *Hindu Marriage Act*?
 - (ii) Discuss the concept of Sahil, Batil and Fasid marriage under Muslim law? Can a minor repudiate the marriage on attaining majority under Muslim Law.
 - (iii)(a) How uniform civil code can be helpful in resolving Interpersonal laws conflicts?
 - (b) When divorced person can remarry?
 - (iv) Discuss the rights of divorced wife to claim maintenance under the personal laws and *Criminal Procedure Code*?

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B.A., LL.B. (HONS.) FYIC DECEMBER - 2009 THIRD SEMESTER SUBJECT: FAMILY LAW - I TIME DURATION: THREE HOURS MAXIMUM MARKS: EIGHTY (80)

Note: The Question Paper consists of Three Sections - A, B and C.

- (1) Attempt **All Questions** from this Section. Each question carries **2.5** marks.
 - (i) A Hindu starts going to Church and eats beef. Does he cease to be Hindu?
 - (ii) Despite codification of Hindu law, custom still, play an important role, explain.
 - (iii) Distinguish between Prompt and Deferred Dower
 - (iv) What is nature of Marriage without witnesses under Muslim law?
 - (v) Explain Iddat. Whether Muslim male has to deserve iddat?

- (vi) What reasonable excuse can be pleaded as a defence in a petition for restitution of conjugal rights?
- (vii) Distinguish between 'Khul' and 'Mubarrat'
- (viii) A Hindu female of 40 years age adopts a boy of 16. Is adoption valid?
- (ix) Explain law of maintenance for widowed daughter-in-law under Hindu and Muslim law. Is it Legal or Moral duty of father-inlaw?
- (x) Right of wife from void and voidable marriage to claim maintenance from husband

(2) Attempt **One Question** from each **Unit** of this Section. Each Question carries **6 Marks.**

Unit (I)

- (i) (a) Discuss about Smritis and Shrutis as sources of Hindu Law.
 - (b) What is the impact of *Shriat Act*, 1937 with respect to applicability of Islamic Law.
- (ii) (a) 'Marriage among Hindus is a sacrament while it is a contract under *Special Marriage Act*. Critical examine this statement.
 - (b) B wants to marry Maternal grand-uncle's daughter. Is this marriage valid.

Unit (II)

- (i) (a) Can a Muslim male marry a Non-Muslim female?
 - (b) Discuss absolute and relative impediments to a Muslim Marriage.
- (ii)(a) The remedy of restitution of conjugal right is an 'Engine of Oppression'. Discuss.
 - (b) Can court increase or decrease the amount of Dower?

Unit (III)

- (i) A wife committed adultery with X and Y.
 - (a) She disclosed the fact to the husband only about adultery with X and husband forgave her. Later he came to know about wife's act of adultery with Y. He filed a petition for divorce. Will he succeed?
 - (b) Discuss special grounds available to a female under the *Hindu Marriage Act* and *Special Marriage Act*.
- (ii) Explain the Fault grounds of divorce under various personal laws.

Unit (IV)

- (i) (a) When a Muslim female can pronounce Talaq on the husband?
 - (b) What changes have been brought by Dissolution of *Muslim Marriage Act*, 1939 with regard to law of apastacy?
- (ii)(a) Explain if the registration of adoption is compulsory under the *Hindu Adoption and Maintenance Act*.
 - (b) The rights of a Hindu female have been enlarged with respect to adoption by the Act.

Unit (V)

- (i) Discuss the liability of B to pay maintenance to the following persons under the *Hindu Adoption and Maintenance Act*, 1956.
 - (a) To B's son's widow
 - (b) To widow of B's father, who is his step-mother
 - (c) To B's own wife who is living separately because B is living with a concubine
 - (d) To S who is illegitimate daughter of B;
 - (e) To R who is B's legitimate daughter and is widow



B.A., LL.B. (HONS.) FYIC DECEMBER - 2009 THIRD SEMESTER SUBJECT: JURISPRUDENCE - I TIME DURATION: THREE HOURS MAXIMUM MARKS: EIGHTY (80)

Note: The Question Paper consists of Three Sections - A, B and C.

- (1) Attempt **All Questions** from this Section. Each question carries **2.5** marks.
 - (i) Explain the terms 'General Jurisprudence' and 'Particular Jurisprudence'
 - (ii) How and why the Natural Law Philosophy re-emerged in the 20th Century?
 - (iii) Discuss in brief John Rawl's Theory of Justice
 - (iv) Explain 'Doctrine of Prospective Overruling'
 - (v) Enumerate the reasons for the emergence of Analytical School in 19th Century

- (vi) What do you understand by 'Primary Rules' and 'Secondary Rules'?
- (vii) 'Certainty of law is a Myth'. Comment
- (viii) How can 'Social Solidarity resolve conflicts?
- (ix) What are the advantages of Administration of Justice?
- (x) Explain Retributive Theory of Punishment

(2) Attempt **One Question** from each **Unit** of this Section. Each Question carries **6 Marks.**

Unit (I)

- (i) 'Judicial Activism helps in the development of law in society'. Comment with the help of case law.
- (ii) Explain the essentials of a valid custom by giving instances to support your answer.

Unit (II)

- (i) Discuss the concept of 'Laviathan' as given by Thomas Hobbes.
- (ii) 'Romans are said to be the first one's to give the concept of law to the world'. Discuss their contribution in the light of this statement.

Unit (III)

- (i) What is a 'Grundnorm'? What is grundnorm in India according to Kelson's Pure Theory of Law?
- (ii) What do you understand by the Doctrine of 'General Will'?

Unit (IV)

(i) Briefly discuss 'Jural Postulates' given by Roscoe Pound.

(ii) Discuss basic tenets of Realist School. Why is it called a movement and not a school?

Unit (V)

- (i) Differentiate between Civil and Criminal Administration of Justice.
- (ii) Who are Juvenile Offenders? Discuss Juvenile justice under Indian Legal System.

- (3) Attempt any **Two Questions** from this section. Each question carries **12.5 marks.**
 - (i) 'In the Modern Age of Technology Legislation is the most important and effective source of law'. Discuss.
 - (ii) "The Preamble of the Indian Constitution is the reflection of Natural Law" critically discuss by giving examples.
 - (iii) 'All Progressive societies have moved from STATUS to CONTRACT'. Comment elaborately.
 - (iv) Which theory of Punishment is more practical and relevant from sociological point of view to bring reforms in the society? Support your answer with the help of case law.



B.A., LL.B. (HONS.) FYIC DECEMBER - 2009 THIRD SEMESTER SUBJECT: CONSTITUTIONAL LAW - I TIME DURATION: THREE HOURS MAXIMUM MARKS: EIGHTY (80)

Note: The Question Paper consists of Three Sections - A, B and C.

- (1) Attempt **All Questions** from this Section. Each question carries **2.5** marks.
 - (i) Explain the term 'Secular'
 - (ii) What is the difference between 'Nationality' and 'Citizenship'?
 - (iii) Explain 'Office of Profit'
 - (iv) Duties of the Speaker
 - (v) Qualifications required for Vice-President
 - (vi) Role of Attorney General of India

- (vii) Explain doctrine of Stare Decisis
- (viii) What is Court of record
- (ix) Difference between Tax and Fee
- (x) Explain Financial Emergency

(2) Attempt **One Question** from each **Unit** of this Section. Each Question carries **6 Marks.**

Unit (I)

- (i) Discuss the salient features of the Indian Constitution. Can it be called as Federal Constitution.
- (ii) Explain the Significance and Objectives of the Preamble.

Unit (II)

- (i) What is Parliament? Elaborate the procedure of passing the Ordinary Bill in Parliament.
- (ii) What are different privileges available to the members of Parliament under the Constitution of India.

Unit (III)

- (i) Discuss the detailed procedure prescribed under the Indian Constitution for the election of the President.
- (ii) Discuss the position of the Governor under the constitution. When he is not bound by the advice of the Council of Ministers?

Unit (IV)

- (i) What is curative petition? What is the procedure to file it.
- (ii) Write a note on independence of Judiciary.

Unit (V)

- (i) To what extent the freedom of Trade, Commerce and Intercourse has been secured under the Constitution of India.
- (ii) Discuss various principles of interpretation evolved by the judiciary in interpreting the legislative relation between the Union and the State.

- (3) Attempt any **Two Questions** from this section. Each question carries **12.5 marks.**
 - (i) What is overseas Citizenship? How it can be acquired and what rights are available to such persons?
 - (ii) Explain the provisions relating to disqualification of members of Parliament on the ground of defection . Is the decision of the Speaker in this regard final?
 - (iii) Discuss the ordinance making power of the President. Is it subject to judicial review?
 - (iv) When National Emergency can be imposed? Explain its effects on fundamental rights.



B.A., LL.B. (HONS.) FYIC DECEMBER - 2009 THIRD SEMESTER SUBJECT: LAW OF CONTRACT - II TIME DURATION: THREE HOURS MAXIMUM MARKS: EIGHTY (80)

Note: The Question Paper consists of Three Sections - A, B and C.

- (1) Attempt **All Questions** from this Section. Each question carries **2.5** marks.
 - (i) Difference between Contracts of Indemnity and Guarantee
 - (ii) Particular Lien
 - (iii) Estoppel
 - (iv) Goods
 - (v) Auction Sale
 - (vi) Stoppage in Transit

- (vii) Anticipatory Breach of Contract
- (viii) Implied Warranty
- (ix) Finder of Lost Goods
- (x) Hypothecation and Pledge

(2) Attempt **One Question** from each **Unit** of this Section. Each Question carries **6 Marks.**

Unit (I)

- (i) Bring out the main features of Contract of Guarantee.
- (ii) Discuss the Nature and Extent of Liability of Surety.

Unit (II)

- (i) What is a Contract of Bailment? Explain the duties of Bailee.
- (ii) Discuss the exceptions to the rule as to who can pledge the goods.

Unit (III)

- (i) What are the essentials to constitute a Contract of Sale?
- (ii) Bring out the difference between the Contract of Sale and Hire Purchase Agreement.

Unit (IV)

- (i) Explain the consequences of the breach of a Condition or Warranty.
- (ii) Discuss Implied condition in Sale by Sample and Description with the help of suitable case laws.

Unit (V)

- (i) Discuss in detail the 'Right of Unpaid Seller' as to Stoppage in Transit.
- (ii) Discuss the provisions as to remedy for Breach of Warranty.

- (3) Attempt any **Two Questions** from this section. Each question carries **12.5 marks.**
 - (i) Discuss in detail the duties of a Agent.
 - (ii) Bring out the essentials of a Valid Ratification.
 - (iii) Discuss in detail the Rule of Appropriation.
 - (iv) Discuss the Seller's duty to deliver the goods under the *Sales* of Goods Act, 1930.



B.A., LL.B. (HONS.) FYIC DECEMBER - 2009 THIRD SEMESTER SUBJECT: INTERNATIONAL LAW - I TIME DURATION: THREE HOURS MAXIMUM MARKS: EIGHTY (80)

Note: The Question Paper consists of Three Sections - A, B and C.

- (1) Attempt **All Questions** from this Section. Each question carries **2.5** marks.
 - (i) What do you mean by 'International Law'?
 - (ii) Discuss the importance of customs as source of International Law
 - (iii) Define State Succession
 - (iv) Distinguish between *de-facto* and *de-jure* recognition
 - (v) Discuss the consequences of Double Nationality
 - (vi) What is meant by 'Asylum' in International Law?

- (vii) Discuss Retortion as a means of Settlement of dispute
- (viii) Define blockade
- (ix) Explain briefly Universal Declaration of Human Rights
- (x) Write a short note on International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights

(2) Attempt **One Question** from each **Unit** of this Section. Each Question carries **6 Marks.**

Unit (I)

- (i) Discuss the nature of International Law.
- (ii) Discuss the subjects of International Law.

Unit (II)

- (i) Discuss Theories of State Succession.
- (ii) Explain the main effects of Recognition.

Unit (III)

- (i) What is Nationality? Discuss the difference between Nationality and Domicile.
- (ii) What is meant by Extradition? What are the conditions necessary for it?

Unit (IV)

- (i) Explain briefly Mouroe Doctrine and Drago Doctrine.
- (ii) Explain duties of Neutral States.

Unit (V)

(i) Discuss International Bill of Human Rights.

(ii) Discuss Human Rights and the Indian Constitution.

- (3) Attempt any **Two Questions** from this section. Each question carries **12.5 marks.**
 - (i) Discuss in detail the difference between Public International Law and Private International Law.
 - (ii) Define State Territory. Discuss in detail various modes of acquiring territory.
 - (iii) Discuss in detail Arbitration and Judicial Settlement as a means of settlement of International Disputes.
 - (iv) What are Human Rights? Discuss in detail the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights and the Indian Constitution.